## THE PETERBOROUGH FLOOD -FROM THE INSIDE

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### AGENDA

- The City
- The Flood Event
- The Impacts
- Observations on:
  - Communications
  - Emergency Preparedness
  - Forecasting and Analysis
- Recap





**THE JULY 2004 WEATHER EVENT** • July 14 –15, 2004 Forecast: 40-70 mm in (24 hours) Actual: 130 – 250 mm (40 hours) 220 mm in 9 uninterrupted hrs rainfall 14 billion litres of water fell in 5 hours - Equivalent Niagara Falls flow in 40 minutes - Fill Sky Dome 9 times















































OBSERVATIONS: -Communications -Emergency Preparedness -Forecasting and Analysis

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PETERBOROUGH FIRE AND RESCUE

## COMMUNICATIONS

FY

27 10:05

#### **COMMUNICATIONS SUMMARY**

- Must be clear, accurate and fast
- Provide efficient operating space
- Train staff before events
- Benefits:
  - efficient operations
  - less unnecessary stress on staff
  - business continuity



## EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS SUMMARY

- Provide efficient operating space
- Develop emergency plans
- Train staff before events
- Benefits:
  - efficient operations
  - less unnecessary stress on staff
  - Improved public confidence
  - Increased potential for funding



# **RAINFALL EVENT RETURN PERIODS**



## FORECASTING & ANALYSIS SUMMARY

- Rainfall volumes from severe storms can't be reliably forecasted
- Rely on predictive techniques
- Need Monitoring networks –rain and water levels
- Benefits:
  - More reliable forecasts and process for uncertainty
  - Monitor actual field conditions; advance warning of potential exceedances
  - Define vulnerability in urban areas –develop plans

#### RECAP

- Up to 70mm forecasted but 250mm received
- Communications invest in physical space and training
- Emergency Preparedness invest in physical space, training and good plans
- Forecasting and Analysis need predictive techniques and monitoring networks



#### **JACKSON CREEK RIVER LEVELS - July 14-16**

